WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An integrated circuit device, comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an isolation layer formed over the semiconductor substrate; and

a layer of silicon material, formed over the isolation layer, including a first p-type portion, a first n-type portion contiguous with the first p-type portion, a second p-type portion contiguous with the first n-type portion, a second n-type portion contiguous with the second p-type portion, a third p-type portion contiguous with the second n-type portion, and a third n-type portion contiguous with the third p-type portion,

wherein the first, second, and third p-type portions and the first, second, and third ntype portions collectively form a rectifier,

wherein the first p-type portion and the first n-type portion form a cathode of the rectifier, and

wherein the third n-type portion and the third p-type portion form an anode of the rectifier.

- 2. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second p-type portion is contiguous with the first p-type portion.
- 3. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the third n-type portion is contiguous with the second n-type portion.
- 4. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second p-type portion includes the first n-type portion and the first p-type portion, each of which being spaced apart from the isolation layer.

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- 5. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 4, wherein the second p-type portion additionally includes a fourth n-type portion spaced apart from the first n-type portion, the first n-type portion and the fourth n-type portion defining a source region and a drain region of an NMOS transistor.
- 6. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second n-type portion includes the third n-type portion and the third p-type portion, each of which being spaced apart from the isolation layer.
- 7. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 6, wherein the second n-type portion additionally comprises a fourth p-type portion spaced apart from the third p-type portion, the third p-type portion and the fourth p-type portion defining a source region and a drain region of a PMOS transistor.
- 8. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first n-type portion and the first p-type portion are contiguous with the isolation layer.
- 9. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the second p-type portion includes a fourth n-type portion formed spaced apart from the first n-type portion, and wherein the first n-type portion and the fourth n-type portion define a source region and a drain region of an NMOS transistor.
- 10. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 9, wherein the NMOS transistor comprises a gate for receiving a voltage to turn on the NMOS transistor.
- 11. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the third n-type portion and the third p-type portion are contiguous with the isolation layer.
- 12. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 11, wherein the second n-type portion includes a fourth p-type portion formed spaced apart from the third p-type

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portion, and wherein the third p-type portion and the fourth p-type portion define a source region and a drain region of a PMOS transistor.

- 13. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 12, wherein the PMOS transistor comprises a gate for receiving a voltage to turn on the PMOS.
- 14. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 13, wherein the gate of the PMOS transistor is coupled to the anode of the rectifier.
- 15. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 13, wherein the second p-type portion includes a fourth n-type portion formed spaced apart from the first n-type portion and contiguous with the fourth p-type portion, and wherein the first n-type portion and the fourth n-type portion define a source region and a drain region of an NMOS transistor.
- 16. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising at least one isolation portion formed contiguous with the rectifier.
 - 17. An integrated circuit device, comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an isolation layer formed over the semiconductor substrate;

an n-type MOS transistor having a gate, a drain region, and a source region formed over the isolation layer; and

a p-type MOS transistor having a gate, a drain region, and a source region formed over the isolation layer and contiguous with the n-type MOS transistor, wherein the n-type MOS transistor and the p-type MOS transistor form a rectifier to provide electrostatic discharge protection.

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- 18. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 17 further comprising an electrostatic discharge circuit for providing the bias voltage to trigger the rectifier, the electrostatic discharge circuit comprising a first inverter including a first PMOS transistor having a gate, a source region and a drain region, and a first NMOS transistor having a gate, a source region and a drain region, wherein the gate of the first PMOS transistor is coupled to the gate of the first NMOS transistor, and the gate of the p-type MOS transistor is coupled to the drain region of the first PMOS transistor and the drain region of the first NMOS transistor.
- 19. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 18, wherein the gate of the p-type MOS transistor is coupled to receive the bias voltage to trigger the rectifier to provide electrostatic discharge protection.
- 20. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 18, wherein the electrostatic discharge circuit further comprises a second inverter, including a second PMOS transistor having a gate, a source region and a drain region, and a second NMOS transistor having a gate, a source region and a drain region, wherein the gate of the second PMOS transistor is coupled to the gate of the second NMOS transistor, and the gate of the n-type MOS transistor is coupled to the drain region of the second PMOS transistor and the drain region of the second NMOS transistor.
- 21. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 18, wherein the source region of the first NMOS transistor is coupled to ground.
- 22. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 20, wherein the source region of the second NMOS transistor is coupled to ground.

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- 23. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 18, wherein the source region of the first PMOS transistor is coupled to a pad to receive an electrostatic current.
- 24. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 20, wherein the source region of the second PMOS transistor is coupled to a pad to receive an electrostatic current.
- 25. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 17 further comprising a first n-type region, wherein one of the source region and the drain region of the p-type MOS transistor and the first n-type region form an anode of the rectifier.
- 26. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 17 further comprising an electrostatic discharge circuit for providing the bias voltage to trigger the rectifier, the electrostatic discharge circuit comprising a first inverter including a first PMOS transistor having a gate, a source region and a drain region, and a first NMOS transistor having a gate, a source region and a drain region, wherein the gate of the first PMOS transistor is coupled to the gate of the first NMOS transistor, and the gate of the n-type MOS transistor is coupled to the drain region of the first PMOS transistor and the drain region of the first NMOS transistor.
- 27. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 26, wherein the anode of the rectifier is coupled to the gate of the p-type MOS transistor.
- 28. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 26, wherein the gate of the first NMOS transistor and the gate of the first PMOS transistor are coupled in parallel to a resistor and a capacitor.
- 29. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 25, wherein the anode of the rectifier is coupled to a pad to receive an electrostatic current.

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- 30. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 17, further comprising an electrostatic discharge circuit for providing a bias voltage to trigger the rectifier to provide electrostatic discharge protection, wherein the gate of the n-type MOS transistor is coupled to receive the bias voltage
- 31. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 17 further comprising a first p-type region, wherein one of the source region and the drain region of the n-type MOS transistor and the first p-type region form a cathode of the rectifier.
- 32. The integrated circuit device as claimed in claim 29, wherein the cathode is coupled to at least one diode to prevent the rectifier from being triggered in a non-ESD operation.
- 33. A method for protecting a silicon-on-insulator semiconductor circuit from electrostatic discharge, comprising:

providing an n-type MOS transistor having a source region and a drain region in the silicon-on-insulator circuit;

providing a p-type MOS transistor having a source region and a drain region, the p-type MOS transistor being contiguous with the n-type MOS transistor;

providing a p-type region contiguous with one of the source region and the drain region of the n-type MOS transistor to form a cathode; and

providing an n-type region contiguous with one of the source region and the drain region of the p-type MOS transistor to form an anode, wherein the n-type region, the p-type most transistor and the n-type most transistor form a rectifier.

34. The method as claimed in claim 31 further comprising a step of biasing the p-type MOS transistor to trigger the rectifier.

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35. The method as claimed in claim 31 further comprising a step of biasing the n-type MOS transistor to trigger the rectifier.

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